(XLIIId YEAR.) THE (No. 2131.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1787.

LONDON, *August* 27.

A VERY ſtrong report having prevailed on Friday evening and Saturday, relative to ſome diſturbances at the Hague, we learn that the caſe was literally as follows:

On the 14th inſtant, in the evening, Sir James Harris, after delivery of his memorial to the ſtates general, had, in company with the marquis de Thulemeyer, a conference with the preſident (count Welderen) and the ſecretary of the ſtates general, which laſted till eleven o'clock at night; what paſſed remains wholly a ſecret, but it is conjectured to have been relative to the memorial. On the next and ſucceeding days, viz. Wedneſday 15, and Thurſday 16, the ſtates general met for diſpatch of buſineſs. At midnight the aſſembly adjourned, and on Friday the 17th they met again, where, as far as can be collected, there were ſuch heats and animoſities (the French party being againſt receiving the mediation of England or Pruſſia, and calling out for France as the only ally of the republic, and conſequently the only power that could be intereſted in their diſputes), that in the midſt of confuſion and buſtle, the preſident adjourned to the Monday following, Auguſt 20, on which it is ſuppoſed they met; but no accounts of their proceedings ſo late as that day are yet come over.

Sept. 4. It was yeſterday currently reported, that the ſtadtholder's party had ſent to the Pruſſian troops, requeſting them not to interfere in the diſpute.

A ſquadron of Portugueſe men of war will ſhortly appear in the Tagus, and it is ſaid her faithful majeſty is determined to make repriſals to the amount of the ſums that have been ſeized; alleging that the court of Madrid have no juſt reaſon to iſſue ſuch an unexpected edict, when it is conſidered there has been more ſpecie imported into Cadiz this year, than was ever known in any preceding one.

Extract of a letter from Rotterdam, Auguſt 31.

"We are juſt now informed, that the prince's troops are attacking the city of Utrecht.

"The whole of the Pruſſian troops will be on the territories of Guelderland within three or four days, and a manifeſto will be publiſhed by the duke of Brunſwick, declaring that all ſuch burghers as may be found in arms, or uſing any reſiſtance againſt his troops, and falling into their hands, will not be treated as ordinary priſoners of war, but will be immediately hung as rebels.

"The French ambaſſador has left the Hague, in order, as ſome ſuppoſed, to avoid the further application of the patriots for the French aſſiſtance, as alſo not to be in danger of their inſults in not having procured them all the fine things that were promiſed.

"The long reign of that party ſeems near its exit."

Sept. 5. Some diſpatches, ſaid to be of the laſt importance, were received at Whitehall yeſterday evening from the Engliſh miniſter at Bruſſels; but the contents are not known. It is more than probable ſomething may tranſpire this day of the particulars. We learn, however, that the count de Murray, the emperor's captain general and commander in chief of the Low Countries, had ſent back by the ſame courier (who brought the emperor's inſtructions) to Vienna, acquainting that the preſent force in Auſtrian Flanders, is by no means adequate to the taſk of carrying his majeſty's orders into execution, conſidering the ſpirit of the people, who are more than ever bent on oppoſition, continue ſtill in arms, and in defiance of the new edict, making military parade.

A variety of reports are again in circulation. On the one hand, it is aſſerted by the advocates for war in the Low Countries, that the prince of Orange has formally ſet down before Utrecht, with an army of his own followers, and the Pruſſian auxiliaries; while on the other hand, it is ſaid, perhaps with more appearance of truth, that the ſtates general had ſent a ſpecial meſſenger to his ſerene highneſs the ſtadtholder at Nimeguen, adviſing him, that the French party are giving way; that the ſtates of Holland were returning to their ſenſes; and that it was hoped, from the meſſages which are paſſing between the two aſſemblies, viz. the ſtates general and the ſtates of Holland, both of whom were ſitting on the 24th ult. at the Hague, that a plan of accommodation is ſeriouſly agitating, and that without the mediation of any foreign power whatever. The equeſtrian order of nobles, who have proved firm on a late occaſion, are ſaid to be one principal means of ſuch happy events as are now expected to take place.

Sept. 6. The following is the reply of the emperor to the ſpeech made by the deputies from the Low Countries, when they were introduced to him at Vienna, on the 25th ultimo:

"The juſt diſpleaſure which I feel on all that has paſſed in my Belgic provinces, is not to be diminiſhed by a mere parade of words; but it muſt be facts that follow, to prove to me the reality of thoſe ſentiments, fidelity and attachment, which you have given me an aſſurance of on the part of your conſtituents.

"I have given orders to the prince de Kaunitz to communicate to you in writing, and for the notice of your ſtates, the orders which I have ſent to my government, and the execution of which I expect to be effected before entering into any deliberation whatever.

"The ſpeedy and entire accompliſhment of theſe orders are the more neceſſary, not only to reſtore all things to proper order, but at the ſame time to put a ſtop to the ſufferings of circulation and commerce.

"The welfare of my ſubjects is the ſole object of all my proceedings, of which I daily give the moſt real proof.—That I have not any deſign to reverſe your conſtitutions, you muſt be perſuaded, by the evidence of calling to your minds, that in the moment when you have been bold enough to merit my indignation, that with all the means in my power I have nevertheleſs repeated the aſſurance of preſerving you."

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 3.

The Caraclacus, Sewall, from Charleſton, South-Carolina, bound for France, laden with rice, chiefly, and ſome indigo, was captured within 30 leagues of her deſtination, by a ſtout bark, mounting 22 guns, under Spaniſh colours, which proved an Algerine corſair, commanded and moſtly manned by renegadoes. After having rummaged the veſſel, and taken out what part they choſe, they ſuffered the ſhip to proceed on her voyage.

Extract of a letter from an American gentleman in London, dated July 17, 1787, *to his correſpondent in Richmond, Virginia.*

"The additional duty on Britiſh ſhips, &c. laid by the laſt general aſſembly of Virginia, is in my opinion, a wiſe meaſure, but would be much more ſo, if it was general throughout the United States: It has raiſed the value of American ſhips here, and they carry out moſt of the goods this ſeaſon: It will alſo probably have the effect of inducing this haughty nation to condeſcend ſo far as to negotiate a treaty of commerce with us."

Private letters from Holland poſitively mention, that the ſtates of Holland peremptorily refuſed to give any other ſatisfaction, as her laſt anſwer to the baron de Thulemeyer, miniſter of the king of Pruſſia, which was, that the princeſs of Orange, the wife of the ſtadtholder, was detained by their particular orders, in her route to the Hague, for the ſafety of the community; and even inſtead of puniſhment, they commend their commiſſioners for their punctuality in fulfilling the high commands of their ſovereign, to prevent commotions among the inhabitants, which may prove of dreadful conſequences at the conjuncture of this time.—They declare at the ſame time, that not the threats of foreign powers, nor even any reſolutions of the ſtates general, are able to make the leaſt alterations in their laſt reſolutions for the ſecurity of the liberty of their province, and if poſſible of the ſeven United Provinces. They are plentifully ſupported by their fellow-citizens with money, arms, and every thing neceſſary to withſtand the enemies of the country outward, and the ſecret wiles of traitors inward, while they only rely upon the bleſſing of Heaven, the juſtneſs of their cauſe, and the renowned bravery of their free countrymen.

A private letter from Leyden in Holland, of Auguſt the 28th, informs us, that the ſtates general yield to the reſolutions of the ſtates of Holland, and propoſe to enter communicatively upon the buſineſs of ſtopping the troubles in the republic. The ſtates of Holland will ſettle their differences without the interference of France, while diſagreeable to the oppoſite party; but they refuſe peremptorily the mediation of England, and deſpiſe the threats of Pruſſia. When the aboliſhment of the ſtadtholderſhip and his offices, by the ſtates general, is agreed to, they will ſettle with them all other differences, while the patriots among the nation, the offspring of the Batavians, now the true Netherlanders, never ſubdued, and always unmaken in the cauſe of liberty, grow too powerful for a baſe and ſelf-intereſted ſet of traitors; the ſtates general dare no longer oppoſe them.

SAVANNAH, *October* 4.

Copy of a letter from general Clarke, to his honour the governor.

Long Creek, September 24, 1787.

SIR,

Your favour of the 19th inſt. I have received, and am informed that the arms and ammunition mentioned have arrived at Waſhington.

I had certain information that a man was killed on the 14th near Greenſborough, by a party of 6 or 7 Indians; and that on the 16th, colonel Barber with a ſmall party, was way laid by 50 or 60 Indians and wounded, and three of his party killed.—This, and the information contained in Mr. Barnard's laſt letter, and a variety of other accounts equally alarming, determined me to raiſe what men I could in the courſe of 24 hours, and marched with them to protect the frontiers; in which ſpace of time I collected 160 men, chiefly volunteers, and proceeded to the place where colonel Barber had been attacked; there I found the bodies of the three men mentioned above, mangled in a ſhocking manner, and, after I had buried them, proceeded on the trail of the murderers as far as the ſouth fork of the Oakmulgee, where, finding I had no chance of overtaking them, I left it, and went up the ſaid river, until I met with a freſh trail of Indians coming towards the frontier ſettlements; I immediately turned, and followed this trail until the morning of the 21ſt, between 11 and 12 o'clock, when I came up with them. They had juſt croſſed a branch called Jack's Creek, through a thick cane brake, and were encamped and cooking on an eminence. My force then conſiſted of 130 men, 30 having been ſent back on account of their horſes tired and loſt. I drew up my men in three diviſions, the right commanded by colonel Freeman, the left by major Clarke, and the middle by myſelf. Colonel Freeman and major Clarke, were ordered to ſurround and charge the Indians, which they did with ſuch dexterity and ſpirit, that they immediately drove them from their encampment back into the canebrake, where, finding it impoſſible for them to eſcape, they obſtinately returned our fire until half paſt four o'clock, when they ceaſed, except now and then a ſhot

During the latter part of the action, they ſeized every opportunity of eſcaping by ſmall parties, leaving the reſt to ſhift for themſelves. About ſunſet, I thought it moſt adviſeable to draw off, as the men had ſuffered for want of proviſions nearly two days, and for want of water during the action, but more particularly to take care of the wounded, which amounted to 11 and 6 killed. From every circumſtance I am certain there were not leſs than 25 Indians killed, and am induced to ſuppoſe that could I have ſtaid all night, I muſt have found 40 or 50 dead of their wounds by the morning;—in ſhort, they were totally defeated, with the loſs of their proviſions, cloathing, &c. conſiſting of the following particulars:—2 guns, 32 braſs kettles, and 87 large packs; containing blankets, match coats, boots, mocaſoons, tomahawks, pipes, upwards of 100 halters and bridles, &c. from all which, I judge their number was fully equal to our's. Colonel Freeman and major Clarke diſtinguiſhed themſelves, and, from the ſpirit and bravery with which the whole of my little party acted during the action, I do not believe that had we met them in the open woods, we ſhould have been more than five minutes in giving them a total overthrow.

While I was on this excurſion, two ſkirmiſhes happened near Greenſborough, in one of which one man was wounded, and in the other, ſix ſtand of arms were loſt, being guarded by only two men, while the reſt of the party were gathering fodder.

Should there not be a houſe made, I flatter myſelf you will afford the back country all the ſupport in your power. Indeed I cannot proceed much farther without your aſſiſtance; the general ſcarcity of proviſions in this part of the ſtate, points out the neceſſity of ſupplies from below; indeed men cannot be drawn out without it; the delays that this would occaſion would be fatal to the frontiers. Had I not fallen in with that choſen party of Indians, every circumſtance beſpeaks their deſign to diſtreſs the back ſettlers, and I think that Allen's mill, or lower, would by this time have become a frontier ſettlement; and I am convinced that, if the back ſettlers once break, they will not ſtop with us.

I have now to beg your attention to the unfortunate wounded, who are at Reed's Fort; a doctor, ſome wine, tea, coffee and ſugar, are indiſpenſably neceſſary.

I ſhall expect an anſwer to this as ſoon as poſſible, and ſhould wiſh to be informed of the probability of a houſe being made, if that event ſhould not already

have taken place. I think that the neceſſity of activity on, and attention to our frontiers, will prevent my attendance, ſhould the houſe convene.

I am, Sir,
with the utmoſt reſpect,
your honour's moſt obedient,
and very humble ſervant,
E. CLARKE, brigadier-general.

The honourable GEORGE MATHEWS, Eſq; governor of Georgia.

Certified to be a true copy from the original letter, in council, Auguſta, September 26, 1787.

BEN. FISHBOURN.

We are informed that two or three men have been killed at Shoulder Bone ſince general Clarke's defeating a large party of Creek Indians; that on the 26th the general again croſſed the Oconee with 400 men, and that colonel Dooley, with 100 more, followed the day after.

AUGUSTA, *September* 22.

Tueſday laſt was the day on which the attendance of the general aſſembly of this ſtate was required by his honour the governor's proclamation. Yeſterday ſome members met, and recommended to the honourable the executive council, *to proclaim the ſtate to be in alarm*—alſo to ſend for abſent members.

We have it from the moſt unqueſtionable authority, that on the latter part of laſt week, lieutenant-colonel Barber, of colonel Freeman's battalion, went out upon the line up the Appalachi, with a ſmall reconnoitering party of eight; and that a little above the Brig Shoals, they were firſt diſcovered by a party of Indians, who had time to divide and lay down on either ſide of an old trail, and fire on the party as they were going to paſs. That colonel Barber was wounded in both hands, his bridle reins ſhot in two, and his horſe wounded; himſelf was thrown, with three men who were mortally wounded. In this ſituation they retreated, without being purſued. General Clarke, upon being informed, ordered ſome men to be collected, and immediately marched to that quarter, and it is hoped, will at leaſt be able to diſcover the force of the Indians at preſent on our borders. Colonel Barber thinks the party of Indians who attacked him, conſiſted of about 40.

We are informed from Greene county, that on Friday the 14th inſt. a party of Indians killed a man in Greenſborough, in ſight of one of the forts, the ſavages ran off with ſuch precipitation, that every attempt made to overtake them proved fruitleſs.

Arthur Fort, Eſq; a member for Wilkes county, informs us, that major Ledbetter appeared before him, and made oath to the following:—On Monday, the 17th inſt. ſome Indians came to Buffalow creek, in the county of Waſhington, about twelve miles from the Oconee, killed and ſcalped a lad of about 12 years of age, and ſhot a girl about 9 years old, through the breaſt and thighs, and took two ſcalps off her head; they were both at work in the fields, a ſmall diſtance from the houſe. The girl, notwithſtanding the wounds ſhe received, recovered her ſenſes ſome time after, and ſays that ſhe ſaw about 5 or 6 Indians. They made no attempt on the houſe.

Extract of a letter from general Cooke, at Mulberry-Grove, ſtate of Franklin, to major Elholm, at Auguſta, dated Auguſt 28, 1787.

"Colonel Typton, the other day, appeared with a party of about 50 men, of ſuch as he could raiſe under pretence of redreſſing a quarrel that had ariſen between our ſheriff and the ſheriff of North Carolina, though their principal view was to put themſelves in poſſeſſion of our records. This conduct produced a moſt rapid report, that they had made a priſoner of his excellency to carry him to North-Carolina, which cauſed 200 volunteers to repair immediately to the houſe of colonel Typton before they became ſenſible of the miſtake; and it was only through the influence of his excellency that the oppoſite party did not fall a ſacrifice to our Franks. During this time, a body of about 1500 hundred veterans embodied themſelves in order to reſcue their governor (as they thought) out of the hands of the North-Carolinians, and bring him back to the mountains—an inſtance that proves our citizens to have too noble a ſpirit to yield to ſlavery, or to reliſh a national inſult."

CHARLESTON, *October* 4.

By a gentleman recently arrived from Auguſta, we are informed, that the ſavages had advanced in great force within fourteen miles of Galphington, where they had killed and ſcalped ſeveral perſons. A girl was brought to Auguſta that had been ſhot in three places and ſcalped; notwithſtanding which it was expected ſhe would recover.

We learn from Tugaloo, that ſeveral women and children waſhing at a houſe near the river, on the Georgia ſide, were lately ſurpriſed by a party of Indians, who killed one child and took two women priſoners; the reſt made their eſcape and alarmed the neighbourhood, which prevented any farther miſchief.

It is reported, that about three weeks ago thirty-five young men of the Cherokees, ſet out with an intention of joining the Creeks againſt the white people, but were purſued by order of their chiefs, diſarmed and obliged to return.

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 15.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the houſe of delegates, viz.

For St. Mary's county, Samuel Abell, George Thomas, Philip Key, and Uriah Forreſt, Eſquires.

For Kent county, Richard Miller, Jeremiah Nicholls, Joſiah Johnſon, and Philip Reed, Eſquires.

For Talbot county, John Roberts, Hugh Sherwood, of Huntington, James Tilghman, and William Hayward, jun. Eſquires.

For Dorcheſter county, James Shaw, Archibald Pattiſon, Moſes Le Compte, and James Steele, Eſquires.

For Prince George's county, David Craufurd, Fielder Bowie, Walter Bowie, and George Digges, Eſquires.

For Queen-Anne's county, John Seney, Joſhua Seney, George Jackſon, and John Brown, Eſquires.

For Harford county, John Love, Aquila Scott, Benjamin B. Norris, and Ignatius Wheeler, Eſquires.

For Caroline county, Henry Downes, Thomas Loockerman, Philip Walker, and Thomas Hughlett, Eſquires.

For Montgomery county, Edward Burgeſs, Lawrence Oneale, William Holmes, and Charles G. Griffith, Eſquires.

On Saturday laſt arrived here the ſhip Nantes, captain Skinner, from London, by whom we have received prints to the 13th of September, from which the following is extracted, viz.

MESSINA, *July* 21.

All the Volcanoes of Sicily are in irruption; Stromboli and Lipari vomit torrents of lava. Mount Etna has opened a mouth near that of 1780, and the lava appears to direct itſelf on Catania and Paterna; it menaces the town of Randazzo. The column of fire is ſo high above the crater, that we can diſtinctly ſee it here, which is more than twenty leagues, and on the baſe oppoſite, a chain of high mountains.

NAPLES, *Auguſt* 15.

By letters from Sicily we have had a relation of an extraordinary eruption of Mount Etna, ſuch a one as has not happened in the memory of man; a rumbling noiſe and numberleſs little ſhocks of earthquakes preceded this eruption; but on the 18th of laſt month, about three o'clock in the morning, a terrible volume of fire iſſued from the mountain like a whirlwind, and of ſuch a prodigious height, that it ſeemed as if the mountain was opened, and the column of fire appeared two thirds higher than the ſummit. An immenſe cloud of ſmoak preceded the flame, the blaze of which was ſo great, that people could ſee to read at twenty miles diſtance; beſides that a ſhower of ſand, or calcined lava, and ſtones of an enormous ſize were caſt to a prodigious height, and fell down again with a moſt terrible noiſe. Sulphurous ſtones, lightnings, and horrible noiſes followed this dreadful eruption. The column of fire took its direction towards the Ionic Sea to the eaſtward of the coaſt of Morea, but at a certain diſtance it ſhifted towards Africa. We learn that the ſhower of ſand and ſtones fell on the city and ſuburbs of Meſſina and Calabria, and on all the iſlands and adjacent coaſts as far as Malta.

All the ice and ſnow on the tops of the mountains was melted, and ſome perſons wounded by the ſtones which fell in the neighbouring countries; the inhabitants ſuffered from a ſuffocating ſmell of ſulphur and bitumen; and from the extreme heat of the air, all the produce of the earth, the olives, fruits, and Indian corn are burnt; in ſhort, for many miles diſtance, the land reſembles the ſcorged deſarts of Lybia.

It is remarkable that Veſuvius at the ſame time began to ſend forth flames, and the lava flows at preſent along the valley which ſeparates that mountain from mount Somma.

LONDON, *September* 7.

A quarrel of a very ſerious nature is likely to take place between Spain and Portugal, owing to the former court's having ordered ſome millions of dollars to be ſeized, in paſſing through Spain, which were the property of Portugueſe merchants. A more particular account of this buſineſs is expected by the next mail. In the mean time, it is ſaid to be the intention of her faithful majeſty, if an order is not iſſued for the reſtitution of the dollars, to make repriſals to the amount of the ſums ſeized.

Sept. 13. Advices are ſaid, with authority, to have been received from Sir Robert Keith, K. B. informing his majeſty's miniſters, that the Porte had actually declared war againſt the Ruſſians. There has been a rumour for ſome days of this event having taken place, and the involved caſe of the two powers has given it probability. In the preſent perplexed ſtate of things, however, we are not ready to receive any report, however authoritatively delivered, with implicit confidence.

The Ruſſian ambaſſador at the Porte, Monſieur de Bulgakow, has been ſeized, and is now impriſoned in the caſtle of the Seven Towers, at Conſtantinople.

If it be true that the diſpute has broken forth into declared war, the poſture of the emperor will be materially changed. His cloſe alliance with the empreſs, and their enormous ambition, have juſtly ſtirred the ſuſpicion of Europe, and they will find themſelves engaged in a moſt important ſtruggle. This may be a ſeaſonable relief to the Brabanters, who were not prepared to reſiſt the encroachments on their conſtitution. They will now gather ſtrength, and in the mean time it is ſaid, the emperor's whole force in the Netherlands, does not exceed 3000 men.

PROPOSALS
FOR PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION,
THE
CONTRAST;
A
COMEDY,
WRITTEN BY MAJOR TYLER.

MR. WIGNELL, who has been favoured by Major TYLER, with this opportunity of preſenting to the public the firſt dramatic production of a citizen of the United States, in which the characters and ſcenes are entirely American, reſpectfully ſolicits the patronage and aſſiſtance that are neceſſary to enable him to print and embelliſh this work, in a form ſuitable to its intrinſic merit. A performance ſo intereſting to the national feelings, and ſo honourable to American genius and literature, will naturally recommend itſelf to general attention, and command in the cloſet, a confirmation of that applauſe which it has already received from the ſtage: The editor, therefore, can only, upon this occaſion, evince his reſpect for the author by the manner of introducing it to the public; and, to render that as perfect as poſſible, he propoſes the following

CONDITIONS.

Firſt, That the Comedy ſhall be printed in large octavo, with an elegant type, upon ſuperfine paper.

Secondly, That the moſt intereſting ſcene in the Comedy ſhall be prefixed in an engraving, executed by an American artiſt.

Thirdly, That each ſubſcriber, on the delivery of the Comedy, ſhall pay half a dollar, unleſs he reſides at a diſtance from any town where ſubſcriptions are received, when the money ſhall be paid at the time of ſubſcribing.

Subſcriptions for the above comedy are taken in at Mr. George Mann's, and at the Printing Office. 1

MUNROE and HYDE,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public, that they have juſt imported, in the ſhip Nancy, from London, a quantity of the beſt boot-legs, bend ſoles and calf-ſkins, and every other neceſſary article for carrying on the boot and ſhoemaking buſineſs, in the houſe lately occupied by Mr. William Goldſmith in Cornhill-ſtreet, Annapolis.

They gratefully acknowledge the paſt and parti favours with which they have been honoured by their former cuſtomers, and aſſure thoſe ladies and gentlemen who may continue them, that it ſhall ever be their ſtudy to merit their approbation and patronage.

November 13, 1787. 16 3w6

November 12, 1787.

ON the petition of William Alexander, of Talbot county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of aſſembly reſpecting inſolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the ſaid petitioner, that the 31ſt day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the ſaid creditors, at the chancery-office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a truſtee or truſtees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the ſaid act; and it is ordered that this notice be publiſhed ſix weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can. 16 3t 13

November 12, 1787.

ON the petition of Richard Weaver Barnes, of Montgomery county, to the Chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of aſſembly, entitled, An act reſpecting inſolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the ſaid petitioner, that the 31ſt day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the ſaid creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a truſtee or truſtees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the ſaid act; and it is ordered that this notice be publiſhed ſix weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can. 16 3t 13

November 14, 1787.

ON the petition of James Artis, of Montgomery county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of aſſembly, entitled, An act reſpecting inſolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the ſaid petitioner, that the eighth day of January next, is appointed for a meeting of the ſaid creditors at the chancery-office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a truſtee or truſtees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the ſaid act; and it is ordered that this notice be publiſhed ſix weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

Talbot-town, September 28, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preſented to the general aſſembly of this ſtate, at the next ſeſſion, for the opening and laying out a road from Talbot-town, to a place called Cowſanding, in Talbot county. 6

October 27, 1787.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of John Brown, deceaſed, are deſired to preſent them to the ſubſcriber at Vienna, in Dorcheſter county, on the firſt Monday in April next.

JOHN HENRY, adminiſtrator.

November 4, 1787.

ON the petition of Richard Scott, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twenty-second day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 13, 1787.

ON the petition of Henry Hall Dorsey, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the eighth day of January next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 13, 1787.

ON the petition of Belt Norwood, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the eighth day of January next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery-office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 8, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all the subscribers creditors, that being unable to discharge his debts, he means to apply to the justices of Talbot county court, for the benefit of the act, respecting insolvent debtors, passed last session of assembly.

RICHARD EATON.

Annapolis, November 15, 1787.

THE subscriber forewarns all persons from hunting within his inclosures at his plantation on the north side of Severn river, with either dog or gun, unless leave be given by Mr. Ray, who lives on the plantation; those who neglect to take notice of this warning, may expect to be dealt with as the act of assembly has directed.

THOMAS HYDE.

Port-Tobacco, November 2, 1787.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away a few weeks ago, a negro man named BOB, about six feet high, a dark mulatto, by trade a blacksmith, and is also a rough carpenter; his cloaths are unknown, as he took with him a variety; when he speaks it is in a loud voice and very earnest; he has a scar in the palm of his right hand. He had in his possession a written permission, signed by Walter Dye, his former master, to hire himself wherever he chose, and with this and a forged pass it is likely he will endeavour to make his escape; he was seen at Annapolis during the last races, and went towards Baltimore. Whoever will secure the said negro Bob, so that he get him again, shall receive the above reward, on application to major John Swan of Baltimore, Robert Couden, Esq; of Annapolis, or the subscribers.

J. H. STONE, and CO.

N. B. All masters of vessels are warned not to take him on board their vessels.

November 2, 1787.

In Monday the 22d of October last, was committed to my custody as a runaway,

NEGRO GEORGE, who says he is the property of Mr. Thomas Snowden of Prince-George's county, he is about five feet eight or nine inches high, of a yellow complexion, appears to be about twenty-four or twenty five years of age; his master is desired to take him away and pay charges.

JOHN CARTWRIGHT, sheriff
of St. Mary's county.

Annapolis, October 17, 1787.

JUST IMPORTED, in the ship WILLING TOM, captain JEFFERY, from London, and to be sold wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms, for cash or country produce, by

JOHN PETTY and CO.

At their stores in Annapolis, Port-Tobacco, Queen-Anne on Patuxent,

A LARGE and general assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the present season; also a quantity of porter, old port, sherry and carcavelle wine in bottles.

N. B. A general assortment of British cordage and sail duck.

September 26, 1787.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly, for an act to pass, empowering the justices of Charles county, to levy on the inhabitants of said county, a quantity of tobacco, or the value thereof in money, sufficient to replace all the tobacco lost out of Nanjemoy warehouse, during the time her late husband was inspector at said warehouse, and that can be made appear was not lost by her said husband's neglect, or carelessness.

HENRIETTA ADAMS.

October 28, 1787.

THE subscriber takes this method of forewarning all persons from hunting with either dog or gun in his enclosures in future.—From the damages he has long sustained from such idlers, he shall spare no pains to detect them, and prosecute the law against them made and provided for such offence.

STEPHEN STEWARD.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, living in Annapolis, two HORSES, viz. A black, about 13 hands 3 inches high; the other is a bay, about 14 hands one inch, both are branded with the letter B, the black one trots, and the bay one paces. Whoever takes up the said horses, and delivers them to the subscriber, shall have, if fifteen miles from home, the above reward, and so in proportion for a greater or less distance, and reasonable charges, paid by

REUBEN M'DANIEL.

PICKLED HERRINGS.

A FEW BARRELS, of the first quality, to be sold by

JOHN RANDALL.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

September 20, 1787.

RAN away, on the 25th day of August, from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, a likely young negro fellow named JACK, about twenty-six years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high; had on when he went away, an osnabrig shirt and trowsers, an old felt hat. Whoever takes up and secures the said fellow, so that the subscriber gets him again, shall receive, if ten miles from home four dollars, if thirty miles six dollars, and if out of the state the above reward and reasonable charges, paid by me

WILLIAM CHAPMAN.

JOSEPH COURT,

HAS just imported, in the Ceres, captain Travers, a large assortment of superfine broad clothes, and buttons of the newest fashion, second clothes milled, drabs, broad clothes, as low as 3/9 cost, coatings, flannels, 9/4, 8/4, and duffil blankets, linsey woolseys, figured tammies, and stuffs of all kinds, fearnoughts of different colours, some best double milled do. white, blue, and green Welch cottons and plains, Kendall do. Irish linens of all sorts, Irish, Russia, and Lancashire sheetings, a large quantity of German osnabrigs, Irish and Scotch do. corduroys and thicksets, a good assortment of saddlery and ironmongery, mens and womens shoes of all sorts, boots and boot legs, bend leather, wax and grain skins, shamey skins, all sorts of gun-powder and shot, nutmegs, cloves and mace, osnabrig and shoe thread, coloured threads, and white threads of all sorts, silk and twist, mens and womens worsted and cotton stockings, loaf sugar, womens fashionable stays, &c. &c. &c. which he will sell very low for cash or tobacco, at his store at West-river.

N. B. Well assorted low-priced woollens to be sold by the bale.

April 16, 1787.

RAN away last night, from the subscriber, living in Charles county, a negro man named WALLEY, a tall slender made fellow, about six feet and an inch high, aged about 35 years, he is not country born, speaks bad English so that it can be hardly understood; had on when he went away a white fearnought jacket, a pair of white nap cotton breeches, and osnabrig shirt, and has taken with him many other cloaths, which I cannot describe, as he is remarkably fond of dress. Also went away at the same time, a negro woman named NELL, aged about fifty years, she is a low squat wench. Also took with them two horses, one a light sorrel, about fourteen hands and an inch high, branded on the near buttock W. the other a dark bay, about fourteen hands high, and a small crop on the end of one of his ears. Whoever takes up the said negroes and horses shall receive for each of the horses, two dollars if brought home, and eight dollars for each negro, paid by the subscriber.

WILLIAM M. WILKINSON.

Just Published, and to be SOLD, at the Printing-Office, Price 7/6,

THE

LAWS

Of April Session, 1787.

ALSO

The VOTES and PROCEEDINGS Of BOTH HOUSES.

August 7, 1787.

BROKE gaol on the 2d of this month, a mulatto man, committed as a runaway, named David Anderson, about five feet eight or nine inches high, who says he belongs to Mrs. Hipkins, of Westmoreland county, Virginia; had on an osnabrig short coat, and buckskin breeches; he may probably change his cloaths as he had others with him. Whoever takes up the said man, and delivers him to the subscriber, shall have three pounds reward.

DAVID STEUART, sheriff
of Anne-Arundel county.

November 5, 1787.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* to me directed, will be sold, on Thursday the 29th instant, at three o'clock P. M. on the premises,

PART of a lot of ground in the city of Annapolis, with the improvements thereon, lying in Prince-George's-street, adjoining Doctor James Murray's, taken in execution as the property of Thomas Rutland, and to be sold to satisfy a debt due to James Little.

DAVID STEUART, sheriff.

South river, November 4, 1787.

TO BE SOLD at Queen-Anne, at PUBLIC SALE, on Friday the 23d instant, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, (Sunday excepted) by the subscriber,

A LOT of ground in Queen-Anne, with a new dwelling house thereon, two stories high, with two rooms on a floor, a good kitchen, stable, and a garden paled in; also a considerable quantity of household and kitchen furniture, some horses, cows, and a negro girl. The terms to be made known on the day of sale.

SAMUEL JACOBS.

Anne-Arundel county, November 5, 1787.

The subscriber will offer for sale, on Monday the 3d day of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THE plantation whereon he now lives, containing 325 acres, lying within three miles of Herring-bay, and five from Lower-Marlborough, well improved, with good meadows, &c. Two years credit will be given, on paying one fifth of the purchase money on the day of sale. Bond with two approved securities will be required. On the same day will be sold between twenty and thirty very valuable negroes, consisting of men, women, boys, girls, and children, for cash or tobacco, or nine months credit, on paying one third of the money on the first day of January eighty-eight. Tobacco of any quality and from any warehouse in the state will be received in part pay, and the selling price at such warehouses will be allowed, by

GILBERT HAMILTON SMITH.

November 7, 1787.

THE subscriber having removed to the house wherein Mr. Nathan Hammond lately dwelt, near the dock, has laid in a stock of malt-beer of excellent quality, and will be constantly supplied with oysters, for the accommodation of his customers.—He returns his sincere thanks to his friends in particular, and the public in general, for the kind encouragement he has met with heretofore, and by a particularity in the choice of his liquors, and close attention to his business, he hopes to merit a continuance of their favours.

JOHN HUMPHRYS.

November 6, 1787.

ON the petition of William Sprigg Bowie, of Prince-George's county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 22d day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Prince-George's county, November 5, 1787.

By virtue of a deed of trust to me, from William Sprigg Bowie, will be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, at Upper-Marlborough, on the 12th of December next,

SEVERAL valuable negro fellows, and a negro woman, all of whom have been accustomed to making and curing fine tobacco. And on the same day will be sold, a quantity of Indian corn; and on the 15th of January next, will be offered at public sale, at the town of Upper Marlborough, a tract of land, adjoining said town, called and known by the name of BELL'S PASTURE, and the HORSE RACE, containing about three hundred and eighty acres, on which are two tobacco houses, corn house, negro quarters, and a very good apple orchard; the plantation is in good order, and under a good fence; the land is nearly equal to any in the county for wheat, corn and fine tobacco.—The terms of purchase will be made known on the days of sale. The title papers may be seen at any time before the sale, on application to

RINALDO JOHNSON.

November 6, 1787.

ON the petition of Samuel Auld, of Talbot county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 31st day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act, and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, being unable to discharge his debts, means to apply to the justices of Anne-Arundel county court in November, to liberate him agreeable to the act for the relief of insolvent debtors, passed last session of assembly.

WILLIAM BURGESS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, being unable to discharge his debts, means to apply to the justices of Anne-Arundel county court, in November next, to liberate him agreeable to the act for the relief of insolvent debtors, passed last session of assembly.

JOHN CLARK.

October 13, 1787.

ON the petition of James Vinson, of Dorchester county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the thirtieth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

October 22, 1787.

ON the petition of Richard Harwood, of Talbot county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twenty-seventh day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

October 13, 1787.

ON the petition of Ezekiel Jacob, of Prince-George's county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 30th day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

October 15, 1787.

ON the petition of William Begole, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the first day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette, and the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

October 2, 1787.

ON the petition of Edward Bromwell, of Talbot county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twenty-fifth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

September 26, 1787.

ON the petition of Basil Williamson, a prisoner in Calvert county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twelfth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered, that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Dorchester county, to wit, October term, 1787.

ON the petition of William Thomas of Dorchester county, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that Thursday the sixth day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the court-house of said county, in Cambridge, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette, and Baltimore Journal, and in the public paper printed at Chester-town.

Test. N. HAMMOND, clk.

Dorchester county, October 4, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the next general assembly of Maryland, for an act to vest in the trustees of the poor of Dorchester county, the free-school lands and funds in the said county.

A STORE-HOUSE to be RENTED.

Inquire of the Printers.

Alexander Wooddrop Davey,

Hath again open a BROKER's OFFICE, at the north-west corner of South and Water-streets, Baltimore-Town.

He has now for SALE or BARTER,

HOUSES, lots, plantations, merchandise, Morris's notes, ground-rents, pasture lots, furniture, carriages, feather-beds, certificates, &c. receivable in taxes, back lands, bonds, notes, bills of exchange, post-notes, vessels, justic, final certificates, and every kind of mechanical work heretofore made in this state; which he will engage shall be equal to any made, and not, as too often is the case, just finished to please the eye, without being sufficiently good and lasting as when not sold at public sale.—He is often employed to purchase the above articles and all kinds of country produce.

He requests all persons sending to him descriptions of lands, vessels, or other property to sell, that they give true description, this will save expence to him, give encouragement to people to ride to see said property at a distance, and give him credit in his office.

October 27, 1787.

THE subscribers give this public notice that they intend to petition the justices of Harford county court at November term next, for a commission to establish the boundaries and original lines of a tract of land lying in the county aforesaid, called Ruff's Chance, and now in their possession, agreeable to an act of assembly, passed November session, seventeen hundred and eighty-six, entitled, An act for the marking and bounding lands, and hereby notify their intention of nominating James Moore, (tanner) John Love and Ignatius Wheeler, as commissioners for the purpose aforesaid. Given under our hands, this 14th day of September, 1787.

HENRY RUFF,
HENRY WATERS,
BERNARD PRESTON.

Upper-Marlborough, October 15, 1787.

ALL persons indebted to captain George Sibbald, of Upper-Marlborough, are hereby requested to make immediate payment to me, trustee appointed by the honourable the chancellor, in favour of said Sibbald's creditors. And all those who have claims against the said George Sibbald, are requested to furnish a state of them, that they may be settled as far and as soon as may be. I hope the persons concerned, will give due attention to this notification, otherwise I must be obliged to adopt the most speedy and effectual measures to compel them, in order to a faithful discharge of my trust.

FRANK LEEKE, trustee.

Prince George's county, October 19, 1787.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Hugh Lyon, deceased, are requested to bring them in properly authenticated, and all those who are indebted to said estate, are desired to make immediate payment, or otherwise actions will be commenced against them, by

JOHN BEALL, administrator.

N. B. The creditors of the aforesaid Hugh Lyon, are requested to meet at Upper Marlborough, on Monday the 5th day of November next. J. B.

Strawberry-Hill, October 2, 1787.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late Doctor John Sprigg, deceased, of Prince-George's county, are desired to bring them in properly attested for settlement, and those who are indebted to the said estate, by bond, note, or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment, or otherwise settle their accounts.

RICHARD SPRIGG, administrator.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Port-Tobacco, October 9, 1787.

RAN away some days ago, Negro BOB, a blacksmith by trade, about 38 years old, a strong bony dark mulatto, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, his cloathing unknown, he generally ties his hair behind; he lately belonged to Mr. Walter Pye, and was seen last Sunday at Piscataway; he has a forged pass. Whoever secures the said slave, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward.

WALTER STONE.

October 27, 1787.

ON the petition of Joseph Hall, of Montgomery county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the tenth day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees, will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Piscataway, October 17, 1787.

WANTED,

NEAR this place, a person well qualified to teach reading, writing and arithmetic fully, in a regular method. Such a one properly recommended, may procure a good school, from a set of employers of good pay, and in a healthy neighbourhood, on application to

JOSIAS BEALL.

October 22, 1787.

TO BE SOLD at the late dwelling house of Doctor John Sprigg, deceased, on Monday the 26th day of November next, for ready cash,

A VARIETY of household furniture, horses, three pair of broke mules, cattle, sheep and hogs.

Also, to be sold, for cash, tobacco, credit, or any kind of public securities at their passing value, a number of full blooded horses, mares, colts and fillies.

RICHARD SPRIGG.

October 10, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber being unable to discharge his debts, means to apply to the justices of Talbot county court, at their next March term, for the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors.

JOHN COLSTON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Elizabeth Dulany, wife of Walter Dulany, Esq. proposes to petition the honourable general assembly at their next session, for restitution of certain confiscated property of her former husband, Lloyd Dulany, remaining unsold, and for compensation for other of his property confiscated and sold.

November [illegible]

NOTICE is hereby given to all the subscribers creditors, that being unable to discharge his debts, he means to apply to the justices of Anne-Arundel county court, to liberate him agreeably to the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors,

JOSEPH WILKINSON.

November 8, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the subscribers creditors, that being unable to discharge his debts, he means to apply to the justices of Charles county court, at their next April term, to liberate him agreeable to the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors.

LEONARD [illegible]

September 10, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber being unable to pay his debts, intends to apply to the justices of Charles county court, at their next sitting, in order to take the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors.

NICHOLAS [illegible]

September 2, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the subscriber at the next November court in Montgomery county, for a commission under the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding land, to prove and mark the bounds and lines of a tract of land called Joseph's Park in the said county.

DANIEL CARROLL.

Maryland, Jones's Falls, Baltimore, October 26, 1787.

PETERS AND CO.

INFORM their friends and the public, that they are now ready to deliver STRONG, TABLE and SMALL BEER, from their brewery.

Merchants and captains may be supplied with beer for ships-use, the same in quality as brewed in England.

As every attention will be paid to the quality of the beer made at the brewery, none will be delivered but in casks, branded, PETERS and CO. who flatter themselves, with giving satisfaction and meeting encouragement.

Wanted a malster at the above brewery, who has been brought up to the pale-malting business in England.

FINDING it altogether out of my power at present to discharge the several claims now against me, I hereby give this public notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next sitting court of Charles county, soliciting the benefit of an act of assembly, entitled, An act for the relief of insolvent debtors.

SAMUEL ASHCOM.

One Hundred Pounds Reward.

Port-Tobacco, October 24, 1787.

THE inhabitants of Port-Tobacco, reflecting with horror on the attempt made to destroy the town on Tuesday night the 16th instant, by setting fire to the store of the subscribers—do offer the above reward for discovering and convicting the perpetrators of that infernal act—and any accomplice becoming states evidence, shall receive the reward on conviction of his associates.

NICHOLAS and VALENTINE PEERS.

October 8, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber being unable to discharge his debts, intends to apply to the justices of Charles county, at their November adjourned court, for the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors.

ALLEN HARBIN.

October 13, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber being unable to discharge his debts, intends to apply to the justices of Prince George's county court at their next term, for the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors.

SAMUEL CHENEY.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, Francis-Street.